CHAPTER IV

CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis, the results of this study appear that Edna wants to be a freedom woman who has a husband and two children. The story happens in the Grand Isle, a vacation place Pontellier's family. One day, Leonce must leave his family at their vacation for a business in another place. Meanwhile, Edna and their two children are left there. Edna spends the time with another vacationer, Adele Ratignolle. She is Edna's new friend in there. They play with Robert together in the beach. Then, as far as Edna becomes fall in love to the younger man (Robert). And she has a family.

There are ten characterizations of Edna. They are confused, confident, stubborn wife, bored, depress, emotional, unstable, uncommunicative, a lonely, and ignorant. First, she is confused because she feels uncomfortable to her new condition and another boy who becomes Edna's friend after leaveing her husband trip for a business. Second, Edna is confident. Her confident more grow up when she meets Adele Ratignolle to be her friend at Grand Isle. Third, Edna is stubborn wife. It happens because she is sleeping in outside and she does want to ask her husband to move in room until her husband does not permit her to do it and her husband though is not good for her health. Fourth, Edna is bored; she looks at her environment around her nothing understands about her feeling as unpredictable condition. Fifth, Edna is depressing which the author directs to characterization that she gets depressed. Sixth, she is emotional because she still does not share

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what she feels in her heart and she saves it herself. Seventh, Edna is unstable. She becomes easy to manage her feeling that for a moment she can happy and suddenly she feels sad. Eighth, Edna is uncommunicative. She can save everything in her heart without being known another person. Ninth, Edna is a lonely because her husband leaves her alone. The last, Edna is ignorant. She does not care about everything new around her life. From the previous description, the research know that Edna's behavior has changed. Edna's though to be a free woman to make her depression.

The researcher can to know that Edna does her life in the wrong way. Her statement to resolve her problem is unreal good, she thinks that no body understands her and she thinks negatively. She cannot think depend on reality and based on the intellectual of her mind. She falls in love to vacationer. He is Robert (a younger man). Whereas, she feels conscious that she is not alone, she has a family. She has a husband and two children. Her husband still has a business to another place for weeks. She to leave with Robert but she feel depression and she falling love to another man, his name is Alcee Arobin. Her desire is fall in love to Robert but she cannot meet again with him. In the end, she feels frustration to face her desire and commits to suicide by herself.

Edna is unconscious to face her desire. She realize her problem in wrong way. Desires move us to action, give us urges, incline us to joy at their satisfaction, and incline us to sorrow at their frustration. Naturalistic work on desire has focused on distinguishing which of these phenomena are part of the nature of desire, and which are merely normal consequences of

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desiring(Schroeder 1). There are three features of desires; intrinsic,realizer, and instrumental desires. The intrinsic is Edna falls in love to young boy (Robert). Suddenly, he left her to another country. The realizer is Edna tries to forgotten him(Robert) by falls in love to another boy(Alcee Arobin) and the instrumental desires is Edna decide to suicide by herself because she unconscious to thought becomes a good mother and good wife to her family (Leonce as her husband, Raoul and Etienne as their children).

