## **CHAPTER 5**

## CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

This chapter explains about the conclusion and result of this study. The researcher's suggestion is also explained below.

## 5.1 Conclusion

The result of this research is to answer the problems which are found by the researcher in articles of each section (news, opinion, sport, and living) in *The Jakarta Post* newspaper. The researcher answered the types lexical collocation of each section (news, opinion, sport, and living) in *The Jakarta Post* newspaper. The researcher used content analysis approach for analyzing the data.

The researcher found six types of lexical collocation which are lexical collocation verb(active) + noun, adjective + noun, noun + verb, noun + noun or noun + of + noun, adverb + adjective or adjective + adverb, and adverb + verb. The researcher found that lexical collocation adjective + noun is the most dominant than others types. Also, it was showed that the usage of lexical collocation was different based on the type and theme of the articles. The types lexical collocation of news section was same as living section among, verb(active) + noun, adjective + noun and, noun + noun. Opinion section was found all six types of lexical collocation. Meanwhile, the types which was not appear in sport section only lexical collocation adverb + verb.

The most important by studying this study are the researcher understood about what is lexical collocation, types of lexical collocation, how the usage of lexical

collocation in different articles or themes, and to give the concrete meaning especially about lexical collocation. Lexical collocation is one kind of collocations which is restricted combination between two or more words in a text or context. It means not all combination words can be considered as lexical collocation, only certain combination words can be considered as lexical collocation.

## 5.2 Suggestion

After doing this research, the researcher found some knowledge about lexical collocation. The problems of this study had been answered. In addition, the researcher also provides the conclusion about the strength and the weakness in this study.

The strength of this research is for exposing lexical collocation. Lexical collocation is actually used and found in everywhere. But, English learners is not aware toward the existence of lexical collocation. So, it is hoped this study will help not only English learners but also the readers of this research get new knowledge and easily understand about it. The weakness of this study is because the researcher analyzing the data manually maybe there is data or lexical collocation words which are passed and is not identified.

For the next researcher, the researcher hopes this research will be good previous study to distinguish their research and to be adapted in other study. The researcher also suggests the next researcher to develop this research in a wider context, such as to analyzing grammatical collocation, or to analyzing lexical collocation in specific themes.

And for the students of English literature and the readers of this study, the researcher hopes that this study will add the knowledge and the understanding of lexical collocation. The researcher also suggests that this could be the benchmark of the students who want to learn more about the lexical collocation in the context of real life.