

CHAPTER III

RESEARCH METHOD

This chapter discusses about a method used in this thesis. It gives a contribution in collects, analyses and gets the valid data in purpose to answer and solve the research problem. It consists of Research Design, Research Subject, Source of Data, Data Collection Technique, Research Instrument, and Data Analysis.

3.1 Research Design

This study will be conducted by using qualitative approach since it is intended to analyze the kinds of illocutionary act use by Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono and find direct and indirect speech in Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono interview.

According to Zoltan Dornyei (2007: 37), in describing the main characteristic of qualitative research, research most text star with highlighting its emergent nature. This means that no aspect of the research design is tightly prefigured and a study is kept open and fluid so that it can respond in flexible way to new details or opening that may emerge during the process of investigation. This flexibility even applies to the research question, which may evolve, change, or be refined during the study.

In addition according to Bogdan and Taylor in Moleong (2005: 4), the qualitative method is a research procedure that produces the descriptive data such as words in written or oral from people and their behaviors which can be observed.

The researchers use data in ways are suited to their own sense of what looks and feel right. Give interpretation to the text in qualitative research, is focused on how the research

see constancy of the communication content, reading symbols, and defining symbolic interaction happening in the text.

3.2 Research Subject.

The data were taken obtained from Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono interviews. The subject of the research was Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono.

3.3 Source of Data

The data sources of this research are the utterances found in Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono interview or dialog which were President of Indonesian. This data are in the forms word, sentence, clause, and so on. The researcher analyzes all sentences in the text of Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono.

3.4 Data Collection Technique

Related to the data collection of this research, the researcher uses the following steps. First, the researcher goes to internet and browses the official website. The next step is selects, and pick up the data refers to the problems of this study by classifies and selects an illocutionary act. The last step is arranges the data systematically deal with the objective of the study.

3.5 Research instrument

This aspect is absolutely essential to obtain the data. The key or main instrument of this research is the researcher herself. She spends her time for reads and analyzes the utterance used by Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono interview that was transcribed in the text. The researcher can be called as human instrument. Rahardjo (2002: 48) said that one of the characteristics of qualitative research is the researcher as the main instrument. Merriam in Anwar (2004: 40) states that the qualitative researcher is the primary

instrument for data collection and analysis. The data are mediated through this human instrument rather than through inventories, questionnaire, or machines.

3.6 Data Analysis

The analysis of this research is through some ways:

First, selects and pick up the data refers to the problems of this study by classifies and selects an illocutionary act.

Second, find direct and indirect speech in Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono interview.

Fourth, conclude the result of illocutionary act is dominantly used Susilo Bambang Yudhoyono in his interview.