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- Experience before giving a name the most effective learning process occurs when students have experienced the information before they get a name for what they are learning.

“Experience before Name” is an important principle that influences our lesson design and delivery. It means that we involve students in an experience or elicit an experience that they can relate to before we attempt to attach it to any symbolic language or name. From a scientific perspective we are creating schema or a new neural network in the brain before attaching the label. It can also mean that we move the students to inquiry where they are seeking the label or concept before we give it to them. For example, a English teacher may involve students in a real-life situation in which they are trying to solve a problem but having difficulty based on what they already know. They may begin to look for a new formula or principle to help them accomplish the

solution. This state of inquiry or searching would be an ideal time for the teacher to introduce the new concept, and this process would be called “Experience before Name.” In a literature class a teacher may have students experience writing from a talented author before introducing the literary concept of mood. A science teacher may have students experience or observe the laws of motion before actually labeling them.

Experience Before name is about creating a teachable moment. It is about getting students emotionally involved and questioning with questions such as why? When? Where? What? How? The word label in this principle refers to the information we want students to learn – the facts, the formulas, the new terms, the sequence, the reasons, etc. When we design our instruction using “Experience before Name,” we are using a brain-considerate strategy that attaches the learning to previously established schema, evokes proper emotional learning states, maximizes the use of inquiry, and bridges the content to the students’ world.

- Acknowledge every effort each took steps; students deserve recognition for skills and their confidence. The “Acknowledge Every Effort” stage places a strong emphasis on reinforcing effort in the classroom. By acknowledging effort the professional educator places a strong focus on effort. This focus on effort has many benefits in the educational arena. By acknowledging effort and creating a focus on effort we help our students to know that we consider good consistent effort the hallmark of a good student.





























First are environments or classroom situation. In the school there is some hard up laboratory for English teaching condition is very lack. In the classroom, there were 40 chairs that were arranged like columns. There were some picture president and cabinet, Garuda Pancasila, and some hero of Indonesia. There were one table and one selves and one cupboard in the back. There was a blackboard and a fan the lighting and temperature of classroom were bad room in short the classroom was bad, dirty and sordid and the wall deciduous. State that the situation of the classroom is important to be paid attention to.

Second were the teacher and his program. Teacher had to have plan about English. Teachers understand about Quantum Learning with good. Quantum Learning is a method of teaching and learning which guides the student's ability and skill also motivates them through relax atmosphere especially in teaching learning process.

Next stage the researcher interview with English Teacher about Qualification teacher and experience in teaching learning process. And the next stage the researcher classified the teacher using Quantum Learning and not. And then the researcher also classified teacher understanding Quantum Learning and miss understanding about Quantum Learning Method and in the interview the researcher ask to the teacher applied to Quantum Learning or not and what the problem if the teacher applied Quantum Learning Method. From the question from the researcher, teacher still confused and look at the

