

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

5.1. Conclusion

In this chapter, the writer presents the general conclusion of her study on ‘‘Cohesion used by John Collier’s in the Casher’’. The writer wants to find out the kind of Grammatical and Lexical Cohesion devices occur in the short story by John Collier’s and how often they occur in percentage, thus makes this research. In order to complete the research, the writer use theory of Cohesion by Halliday & Hassan (1980) as the main theory. She also uses the theory by Brown and Yule (1983), and also McCarthy (1985) as the supporting theory. The writer also uses the table to categorize the data easily and systematically, based on the Grammatical and Lexical Cohesion theories. The writer collect the data from one of the short story by John Collier’s randomly as the data. In the writer data, she finds three Grammatical Cohesion Devices are occurred such as *Reference*, *Substitution*, and *Conjunction*. She also finds two Lexical Cohesion Devices are occurred such as *Reiteration and Collocation*. Finally, the writer finds that the most frequent used in *Reference*.

Personal *Reference* is mostly occurred from the data. As an example, it can be seen in appendix. For the second occurrence of the most is *Collocation*. The other Grammatical Cohesion Devices found in this research is *Conjunction*. *Substitutions* places as the third devices which are mostly occurred. The writer

