ABSTRACT

Imanah. 2015. Conversational Analysis: Interruptions aand Overlaps uttered by host and the guests in The Ellen Talk Show. Thesis. English Department, Faculty of Letter and Humanities, State Islamic University of Sunan Ampel Surabaya. Advisor: Prof. Dr. Hj. Zuliati Rahmah, M.Pd.

Key Words: Conversation Analysis, Interruption, Overlap, the Ellen Talk Show

This study analyzed interruptions and overlaps uttered by host and the guests in *the Ellen talk show*. This study tries to answer two research problems. First, how are often interruption and overlap uttered by the host and the guests during four episodes of *the Ellen talk show*? Second, what are the most frequent reasons of interruptions and overlaps uttered by host and the guests during four episodes of *the Ellen talk show*? The phenomena of interruptions and overlaps found when the host and the guests are interacton to each other.

The writer used conversational analysis method. This case because the writer takes conversation to be analyzed, which is in the form video. In addition, the writer used transcription conventional to transcribe the conversation in the written form. It is aimed to understand more about turn taking irregularities of interruption and overlap in *the Ellen talk show*. The writer used some steps in collecting data: (1) Searching the data on YouTube, (2) Downloading the data, (3) watching the talk shows, (4) transcribing, (5) coding. Then, the writer took some procedures in analyzing the data. Those are: (1) identifying the data, (2) classifying the data, and (3) determining the data into each reason of interruption and overlap.

After analyzing the data, the writer found that interruptions is higher than overlaps. Those are 219 (86,6%) interruptions and 34 (13,4%) overlaps. Then, the utterances of interruptions is more uttered by host than the guests. Those are 126 (57,5%) interruptions uttered by host and 93 (42,5%) interruptions uttered by guest. Meanwhile, the utterances of overlap is more uttered by guest than host. Those are 21 (61,7%) overlaps uttered by guest and 13 (38,2%) overlaps uttered by host. Next, the most frequent reason in interruption is showing agreement, which is uttered by the host. That is 74 (64,3%) utterances and there are 53 (62,3%) utterances for interruption done by guest, that is showing agreement also. Meanwhile, the most frequent reason in overlap is completing conversation, which is often uttered by guest in overlap, that is showing agreement.

INTISARI

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Kata Kunci: Conversation Analysis, Interruption, Overlap, the Ellen Talk Show

Skripsi ini menganalisis tentang *interruption and overlap* yang diungkapkan oleh *host and the guests in the ellen talk show*. Penelitian ini mencoba untuk menjawab dua rumusan masalah. Pertama, berapa sering *interruption and overlap* yang diungkapkan oleh *host and the guests* selama empat episode *in the ellen talk show*? Kedua, apa alasan yang sering muncul dari *interruptions and overlaps* yang diungkapkan oleh *host and the guests in the ellen talk show*. Kejadian *interruptions and overlaps* yang diungkapkan oleh *host and the guests in the ellen talk show*. Kejadian *interruptions and overlaps* yang diungkapkan oleh *host and the guests in the ellen talk show*. Kejadian *interruptions and overlaps* ini tejadi ketika *host and the guests* saling berbicara satu sama lain.

Penulis menggunakan metode conversational analisis. Hal ini karena penulis menggunakan percakapan dalam menganalisis, yang mana itu berbentuk novel. Di samping itu, penulis menggunakan teknik transcription conventional untuk menulis percakapan dalam bentuk tertulis. Hal ini bertujuan untuk lebih memahami tentang *turn taking irregularities* dari *interruption* dan *overlap in the ellen talk show*. Penulis menggunakan beberapa langkah dalam pengumpulan data: (1) mencari data di youtube, (2) mendownload data, (3) menonton talk show, (4) mentranscript, (5) memeberi kode atau tanda. Selanjutnya dalam menganalisis data, penulis menggunakan beberapa prosedur. Diantapaaranya adalah (1) mengidentifikasi data, (2) mengelompokkan data, (3) menentukan data kedalam setiap alasan dari *interruption and overlap*.

Setelah menganalisis data, penulis menemukan *interruption* lebih banyak terjadi daripada *overlap*. Terdapat 219 (86,6%) *interruptions* dan 34 (13,4%) *overlaps*. Kemudian, pengungkapan *interruption* lebih banyak dilakukan oleh host dari pada guest. Ada 126 (57,5%) *interruptions* diungkapkan oleh host dan 93 (42,5%) *interruptions* diungkapkan oleh guest. Sementara itu, ungkapan *overlap* lebih banyak diutarakan oleh guest daripada host. Terdapat 21 (61,7%) *overlaps* diungkapkan oleh guest daripada host. Terdapat 21 (61,7%) *overlaps* diungkapkan oleh guest dan 13 (38,2%) *overlap* yang diungkapkan oleh host. Selanjutnya, alasan yang paling sering muncul dalam *interruption* adalah showing agreement, itu dimunculkan oleh host; 74 (64,3%) ungkapan dan 53 (62,3%) alasan yang paling sering muncul untuk *overlap* adalah completing conversation. Itu dimunculkan oleh guest, yaitu terdapat 5 (62,5%) ungkapan dan 3 (33,3%) alasan yang paling sering dilakukan oleh guest dalam *overlap*, yaitu showing agreement.