

## **CHAPTER 4**

### **FINDINGS AND DISCUSSIONS**

This part present of the data obtained from the data sources. The data presentation is divided into five categories which were in accordance to the number of the songs used as the data sources of this research.

#### **4.1 The Findings**

After collecting the data from “Avril Lavigne” lyrics, the researcher analyzed them in according with the research focuses. In this analysis, the researcher used one word to explain contain of the term in “Avril Lavigne” lyrics. Term here were word or combination of word which are used by “Avril Lavigne” lyrics in her lyrics to show her feeling to her boyfriends to show her feeling or love, there are many term that have difference meanings lexically and contextually.

This research has a clue for to be know about one word and the other word that wants to analyze. For example, the researcher give a clue for the first stanza was S1. And then, for about line in the stanza, the researcher give a clue for the first line was L1. And then, for the next word continued for this clue. So, the reader not confused to read this research.

##### **4.1.1 When You're Gone**

The researcher analyzed these lyrics with one or two word that not has a specific meaning. Lexical and contextual meaning that researcher analyzed, not

all words were analyzed. The first data were “when you are gone” by “Avril Lavigne” lyrics in “the best damn thing” (2007) album.

“And the days feel like years when I’m alone” this lyric there is in S1 and L3. The word “Years” consider as adverb. The lexical meaning of “Years” is a period of 12 month connected with a particular activity or period of 365 days. The contextual meaning was someone whom the singer feels lonely. She said in every day she always felt lonely when she was alone without any who accompanied the lover. So, the word “Years” in the lyrics not only about period of the 12 month but in the contextual meaning has own term.

“And the bed where you lie is made up on your side” this lyric there is in S1 and L4. The word “Lie” consider as adjective. The lexical meaning “Lie” was a say or write anything that you know is not true. In this lyrics “Lie” could not be interpreted as say or write anything that you know is not true, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning comfortable resting place that near him.

“The pieces of my heart are missing you” this lyric there is in S3 and L2. The word “Piece” in the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is amount of something that has been out or separated from the rest. And also one of the bits or part that something breaks into or is made. In this lyric “Piece” could not be interpreted as amount of something that has been out or separated from the rest or a lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is in every time her someone nothing in her side, she always be nearby and misses him.

“The face I came to know is missing too” this lyric there is in S3 and L4. The word “Came” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is move towards the speaker or the place to which he or she is referring. And also, arrive at or reach a place or travel a specified distance. In this lyric “Came” could not be interpreted as move towards the speaker or the place to which he or she is referring or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is always felt shadow his face or his voice that want to hear to always make it ok in every day.

“I have never felt this way before” this lyric there is in S4 and L1. The word “Way” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is method, style or manner of doing something. And also, route or road that you take in order to reach a place. In this lyric, “Way” could not be interpreted as method, style or manner of doing something or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is never felt like this before. Whatever she does, she always remembered.

“Out here forever” this lyric there is in S5 and L2. The word “out” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is away from the inside of a place or thing. And also out is not at home or at a place of work. In the lyric “Out” could not be interpreted as away from the inside of a place or thing or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is wants to someone forever at her side.

#### 4.1.2 Wish You Were Here

The second data is “wish you were here” by “Avril Lavigne” lyrics in “Goodbye lullaby” (2011) album. Lexical and contextual meaning that researcher analyzed not all word that analyzed. The researcher take this word in this lyrics, only the word has a real meaning to be understood for the reader. Because there is a word have a lexical meaning, but not suitable with the context that there is in the lyrics.

“There’s a girl that gives a shit” this lyric there is in S1 and L6. The word “shit” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is a solid waste matter passed from the bowels or act of emptying the bowels. In the lyric “shit” could not be interpreted as a solid waste matter passed from the bowels or act of emptying the bowels or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is attention. Its mean that, when they walked together, suddenly there was someone look at him.

“And I remember all those crazy things you said” this lyric there is in S2 and L1. The word “crazy” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is a very foolish; not sensible; very angry or wildly excited or enthusiastic. In the lyric “crazy” could not be interpreted as a very foolish; not sensible; very angry or wildly excited or enthusiastic or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is imagined. Its mean that, her someone made himself pictured by his words.

“You left them running through my head” this lyric there is in S2 and L2. The word “left” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is the left side or area or the road on the left. And also, a blow given with the left hand. In the lyric “left” could not be interpreted as the left side or area or the road on the left. And also a blow given with the left hand or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is made. Its mean that, she has poisoned his mind.

”You left them running through my head” this lyric there is in S2 and L2. The word “running” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is to move at a speed faster than a walk, never having both or all the feet on the ground at the same time. In the lyric “run” but in this lyric “running” could not be interpreted as to move at a speed faster than a walk, never having both or all the feet on the ground at the same time or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning all she has done to make herself cannot stop thinking

“Didn’t think about it, just went with it” this lyric there is in S2 and L6. The word “*went*” is a past participle from “*go*”. The word “went” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is referring to movement away from the place where the speaker or writer is or a place where they imagine themselves to be. And also, go is to move or travel from one place to another. In the lyric “*went*” could not be interpreted as referring to movement away from the place where the speaker or writer is or a place where they imagine themselves to be. And also, “go” was to move or travel from one place to another or lexical meaning, but in

the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning she just underwent any relationship without thinking.

“I love the way you are” this lyric there is in S4 and L2. The word “way” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is a place for walking, travelling or a distance or period of time between two point. And also, “way” is an area near a place; a particular part of a country. In the lyric “way” could not be interpreted as a place for walking, travelling or a distance or period of time between two point. And also, way is an area near a place; a particular part of a country or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning simple. She loves it with a simple one.

“No, I don’t wanna let go” this lyric there is in S7 and L1. The word “let go” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is to say or do more about something or to stop restraining ones feelings, desires, etc. In the lyric “let go” could not be interpreted to say or do more about something or to stop restraining ones feelings, desires, etc, or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning release. She did not want to forget it when he returned.

#### **4.1.3 Keep Holding On**

The third data is “keep holding on” by “Avril Lavigne” lyrics in “The best damn thing” (2007) album. Lexical and contextual meaning that the researcher analyzed, not all word that will be analysis. The researcher took this word in this lyrics, only the word has a real meaning to be understood for the reader. Because,

there was a word have a lexical meaning, but not suitable with the context that there was in the lyrics.

“You’re not alone, together we stand” this lyric there is in S1 and L2. The word “stand” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is an attitude toward something a position in an argument or determined effort to resist attack to argue ones case despite opposite turned. In the lyric “stand” could not be interpreted as an attitude toward something a position in an argument or determined effort to resist attack to argue ones case despite opposite turned or lexical meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning she told someone that she loved that you are not alone but we were always together.

“I’ll be by your side, you know I’ll take your hand“ this lyric there is in S1 and L3. The word “take” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is to carry something or somebody or a company somebody from one a place to another. And also, “take” was to get hold of something or somebody, especially with the hand or arms. In the lyric “take” could not be interpreted as to carry something or somebody or a company somebody from one a place to another. And also, take is to get hold of something or somebody, especially with the hand or arms or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is reach. In this lyric, its mean that she would always be by her side and she will always hold his hand tightly.

“When it gets cold” this lyric there is in S1 and L4. The word “gets” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is obtaining something or receives

something as a punishment. And also gets is make or persuade somebody or something to do something. In the lyric “gets” could not be interpreted as obtaining something or receives something as a punishment. And also “gets” was make or persuade somebody or something to do something or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is felt the air was getting cooler and made her uncertain.

“And it feels like the end” this lyric there is in S1 and L5. The word “feels” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is moving your finger over something to find something or to find out what something is like. In the lyric “feels “could not be interpreted as moving your fingers over something to find something or to find out what something is like or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is about all that she experienced as if it's over.

“There’s no place to go” this lyric there is in S1 and L6. The word “go” In the lyric, this analyzed about lexical meaning is move from one place to another or has as a usual or correct position or referring to movement away from the place where the speaker or writer is or a place where they imagine themselves to be. And also, “go” is to move or travel from one place to another. In the lyric “go” could not be interpreted as move from one place to another or has as a usual or correct position or referring to movement away from the place where the speaker or writer is or a place where they imagine themselves to be. And also, go is to move or travel from one place to another or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is feeling, there is no



place to go, feeling confused that surrounds him makes herself does not know where to go.

“You know I won’t give in” this lyric there is in S1 and L8. The word “give” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is hand something to somebody, so they can look at it, use it for a time. And also, “give” was a used with a noun to describe an action, giving the same meaning as the related verb. In the lyric “give” could not be interpreted as hand something to somebody, so they can look at it, use it for a time. And also, give is a used with a noun to describe an action, giving the same meaning as the related verb or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is about she said that she would not give up looking for you to work hard. So, the word "give" in the lyric is about to give up.

“Keep holding on” this lyric there is in S2 and L1. The word “keep” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is remain in a state or position or continues doing something; do something. In the lyric “keep” could not be interpreted as is remain in a state or position or continues doing something; do something or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is always continued to survive and she will never desperate in pursuit of her love.

“Keep holding on” this lyric there is in S2 and L1. The words “hold” but in this lyric “holding”, this analyzed Lexical meaning of “hold” is keeping something in a particular position. Lexical meaning of “holding” is number of

shares that somebody has in a company. In the lyric “holding” could not be interpreted as keeping something in a particular position. “holding” is number of shares that somebody has in a company or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is about survive is one way to always keep his love.

“Cause you know we’ll make it through” this lyric there is in S2 and L2. The word “make” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is construct produce or prepare something, bring something into existence. In the lyric “*make*” could not be interpreted as construct produce or prepare something, bring something into existence or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning can. In this lyric, she is confident that she could get through all the challenges of their love.

“Before the doors close and it comes to an end” this lyric there is in S3 and L5. The word “come” but in the lyrics was “comes” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is move towards the speaker or the place to which he/she is referring. And also, arrive at or reach a place. In the lyric “comes” could not be interpreted as move towards the speaker or the place to which he/she is referring. And also, arrive at or reach a place or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The meaning is all. Its mean that, before it's too late even until the door was closed then it would all end.

#### 4.1.4 My Happy Ending

The fourth data is “my happy ending” by “Avril Lavigne” lyrics in “Under my skin” (2004) album. Lexical and contextual meaning who the researcher analyzed, not all word that be analyzed. The researcher take this word in this lyrics, only the word has a real meaning to be understood for the reader. Because, there is a word have a lexical meaning, but not suitable with the context that there was in the lyrics.

“On such a breakable thread” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S2 and L8. The word “breakable” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is easily broken or something comes to an end. In the lyric “breakable” could not be interpreted as easily broken or something come to an end or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning desperate. Its mean that the lyric, the above weaknesses in building their true love, they still keep a sense of desperation to always go forward in building pleasure.

“On such a breakable thread” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S2 and L8. The word “thread” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is cotton, silky, wool, etc or use in the sewing. In the lyric “thread” could not be interpreted as cotton, silky, wool, etc, or use in the sewing or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning, The contextual meaning is something vulnerable in maintaining relationships, the song describes a relationship that is easily damaged and could not keep up with either.

“We were meant to be” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S4 and L2. Lexical meaning is something as a explanation, a purpose, a result, or a likely result. In the lyric “meant” could not be interpreted as something as a explanation, a purpose, a result, or a likely result or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning lexical meaning is something as a explanation, a purpose, a result, or a likely result. In the lyric “meant” could not be interpreted as something as a explanation, a purpose, a result, or a likely result or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is someone who has created for us to stay together through happiness and sadness.

“Supposed to be” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S4 and L2. Lexical meaning is think or believes that something is true or possible. But, “supposed” is expected or required to do something according to a rule. In the lyric “supposed” could not be interpreted as think or believes that something is true or possible or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning necessitate. Its mean that, the lyric is requires them to keep it together through thick and thin.

“You’ve got your dumb friend” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S5 and L1. The word “get” but in the lyrics is “got” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is received, obtain, fetch something or receive something as a punishment. In the lyric “got” could not be interpreted as received, obtain, fetch something or receive something as a punishment or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning

find. Its mean that the word in the lyric she got a friend who is not in accordance the way her mind.

“You’ve got your dumb friend” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S5 and L1. The word “dumb” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is unable to speak or temporarily not speaking. In the lyric “dumb” could not be interpreted as unable to speak or temporarily not speaking or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning wants to know. Its mean that, the lyric explained about there is a people that always want to know about her.

“And letting me know” In the lyric, this lyric there is in S6 and L6. The word “let” but in the lyrics was “letting” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is allow somebody to do something to happen or used for making suggestion or offers. In the lyric “letting” could not be interpreted as allow somebody to do something to happen or used for making suggestion or offers or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning allowed. Its mean that, the lyrics explained that he had allowed himself knows a thing would happen.

“We were done“ In the lyric, this lyric there is in S6 and L6. The word “done” but in the lyrics is “done” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is perform and action, activity or job. But, “done” was used before a full verb to form negative sentences and question. In the lyric “done” could not be interpreted as is perform and action, activity or job. But, “done” is use before a full verb to form

negative sentences and question or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning ended. Its mean that, the lyrics explained that relationship which they have lived, it ended well.

#### **4.1.5 Everything Back But you**

The fifth data is “everything back but you “by “Avril Lavigne” lyrics in “The best damn thing” (2007) album. Lexical and contextual meaning that the researcher analyzed, not all word that be analyzed. The researcher take these word in this lyrics, only the word has a real meaning to be understood for the reader. Because, there was a word have a lexical meaning, but not suitable with the context that there is in the lyrics.

“today was the worst day, I went through hell” this lyric there is in S1 and L1. The word “hell” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is place believed to be the home of wicked people after death or very unpleasant situation or experience causing great suffering. In the lyric “hell” could not be interpreted as place believed to be the home of wicked people after death or very unpleasant situation or experience causing great suffering or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning thinking was not healthy in dealing problems.

“The postcard that you wrote with a stupid little note” this lyric there is in S2 and L1. The word “stupid” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is showing a lack of intelligence or good sense. In the lyric “stupid” could not be interpreted as showing a lack of intelligence or good sense or lexical meaning, but in the

contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning inappropriate posts to be read because the writing makes him worst think.

“Something wasn’t quite right about it“ this lyric there is in S2 and L2. The word “quite” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is to some degree or to the greatest possible degree, completely. In the lyric “quite” could not be interpreted as to some degree or to the greatest possible degree, completely or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning there is something good in it, something that can turn into a bad mind.

“It smelt like cheap perfume and it didn’t smell like you” this lyric there is in S2 and L3. The word “smell” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is not large in size, number, degree, amount, etc. In the lyric “smell” could not be interpreted as not large in size, number, degree, amount, etc or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning smelling. Its mean that, the hallmark of someone who has long been known to us but, if we know that someone was not you, and then we could not be fooled.

“You left out the ”E” this lyric there is in S3 and L2. The word “left” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is toward the side of your body that is toward the west when you are facing north. In the lyric “left” could not be interpreted as toward the side of your body that is toward the west when you are facing north or

lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning hope. It mean that, she expects that her arrival.

“I bet you didn’t think that I would see” this lyric there is in S4 and L4. The word “bet” In the lyric, this analyzed lexical meaning is risk money on a race or event by trying to predict the result. And also, in the spoken, bet is used to say you are almost sure something will happen. In the lyric “bet” could not be interpreted as risk money on a race or event by trying to predict the result. And also, in the spoken, “bet” was used to say you are almost sure something will happen or lexical meaning, but in the contextual meaning has different meaning. The contextual meaning is a meaning she believed that they are not think if she would saw her behavior.

So, from this all of word in above can not take a real meaning because not suitable with this context. In this lyrics, all of this word there is in this lyrics can be explained the meaning with use a dictionary but not all the meaning in dictionary have a good relation with the context in the lyrics. So, with the research is a research, that can be easily the reader to understood all of this lyrics. And than, the reader can be extended the message of this song.

#### **4.2 Discussion of the data**

After the researcher analysis of the data, the researcher wants to discuss for the data about the story of these lyrics song by” Avril Lavigne”. The first data is about “when you’re gone” with “the best damn thing” album. This song told the story of a lover who will miss her idol, in the lyrics, there were three story that



there was an old man who lived in his wife forever, the sad old man living alone, her clothes neatly relics in the cupboard. And than, the second story of a wife who is pregnant but her husband had to carry out their duties as soldiers of war, his wife in living alone, watching the news of her husband's impressions of war, the wife makes more misses her husband. The third story about two teenage lovers whose love was on by his mother. When they are honeyed love, angry and forced her to go home.

The second data is about “wish you were here” with “Goodbye lullaby” 2011 album, this lyrics story about someone who lost someone very important to her. They have been through a lot together. There is a little lyric that can make us to conclude that this also about a girl who gave attention to the guy, but her boyfriend is not care or ignores it. And now the guy has been away, and the girls hope he returns.

The third data is about “keep holding on” with “the best damn thing” 2007 album. This lyrics story about a struggle of a person's life who has always supported enumerated by his friend. A loyal friend is always with him whenever and wherever she was. She is always happy to pass along. They always try to be the best, before it was over.

The fourth data is about “my happy ending“ with “Under my skin” 2004 album, this lyrics story about This song told a very romantic. When we get an infinite happiness, then we are not went to waste the happiness. But, if once only

happiness is tainted by lies, then, there went to all hope is wonderful that we have had.

The fifth data is about “everything back but you” with “the best damn thing 2007” album, this lyrics story about a romantic treason. At the moment, we have done to everyone's good, then we would expected kindness was what we get. Confidence that had been planted all is lost simply because the action is wrong. It came at a time when the closing of the eyes, when we know that you are okay out there. After a few people told me that the conduct of you out there with someone other than myself. Hatred arises after all tarnished by your bad behavior.

From the discussion of the data above, the researcher could be discussion that the lyrics of the song “Avril Lavigne” told about the smallest story. After the researcher find out the lexical meaning and contextual meaning, the researcher gave a short story about this song. Because, not all people only known about the lexical and contextual meaning but also they are known about the short story. Beside that, the researcher gave to know about the theme of this song. Theme of romance in a song today while demand among the young. So, in this research, the researchers chose the theme of romance. Because of the researchers felt that the current youth was more interested in this theme.