## **CHAPTER V**

## CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

In this parts discussed about two section, the first section were explained about the conclusion of the research which has been discussed in the previous chapters. The second section, the researcher give suggestion for the further researchers

## 1. Conclusion

Based on the previous chapters, the researcher drawing the conclusion to answer the research problems formulating in chapter 1. The first, the researcher identify and describes the types of interruption used by the participants in *Ini Talk Show* on NET TV. There are four types of interruption occur in two episodes of this talk show, are simple interruption, overlap interruption, butting-in interruption, and silent interruption. The highest frequency of types of interruption occur in *Ini Talk Show* is overlap interruption which appeared 70 times in two episodes. This interruption happened because the participants often produce overlap interruption in the conversation. The lowest frequency of types of interruption is butting-in interruption occurs in 7 times in two episodes.

Overlap interruption is the highest frequency in this research. Overlap interruption happened not only as disruption but also usually to showing the respond and say the positive or negative opinion. This interruption happened because the participants can not wait the speaker stop and finishing the utterance, they are immediately wanted to say the opinion. So, overlap interruption included

successful interruption. Conversely, butting-in interruption rarely occurs by the participants. This case happened because the interrupter interrupts the current speaker to showed his or her opinion but can not finish it. Butting-in interruption includes unsuccessful interruption.

The second, the researcher found two functions of interruptions, are cooperative interruption and intrusive interruption. Each function of interruption has subcategories. The subcategories of cooperative interruption are agreement, assistance, and clarification. Meanwhile, the intrusive interruption has some subcategories are disagreement, floor taking, topic change, and tangentialization. From all the function of interruption, the most highest frequently is clarification and disagreement is the lowest frequency. Clarification interruption which appeared 29 times in two episode of *Ini Talk Show*. But, disagreement occurs in 3 times during in two episodes of *Ini Talk Show*.

Clarification interruption is the highest frequency of function of interruption in this research. This case shows that clarification is not disruption because happened intend to clarify the words which not enough to understand for the listener. Clarification interruption can produce by the participants to prevent the miss understanding occurs in the conversation. Meanwhile, the lowest frequency of functions of interruption is disagreement. This case happened because the participants have the same idea with the current speaker. Disagreement interruption showed disruption because the participants want to convey disagreement about the statement or opinion that utterance by the speaker. In addition, they have different idea or opinion about the topic of conversation.

Actually, interruption is the phenomenon happens in someone who doing conversation. The phenomenon is when the interrupter cuts or interrupt the current speaker while he or she still finishing the utterance. After analysis the types and the functions of interruption, the researcher concluded that interruption not only a violation but also to help someone who has problems in the utterance.

## 2. Sugestion

In this research, the researcher has been analysis two research questions formulating in chapter I are types of interruption used by the participants in *Ini Talk Show* on Net TV; functions of interruption used by the participants in *Ini Talk Show* on Net TV. There are many subject and object of interruption can be analyzed for the further researcher. Meanwhile, the researcher suggests for the further researcher to analyze interruption in different focus such how interruption is used by gender in movie or others. The researcher hope that this research useful for the readers and the further researchers in Discourse analysis.