CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

Conclusion and suggestion are two things related in purposes that this analysis completely is finish. In this chapter explain about the result of this study and the writer's suggestion by understanding this study are explained below.

5.1 Conclusion

The result of this research is to answer the problems which found out by the writer in the Business articles of the Jakarta Post e-Newspaper. The writer answered the kinds modal verbs of modality in Business articles and also the functions of its. The writer used qualitative descriptive approach for analyzing the data.

The writer found that in business articles there are two kinds of modality which are deontic modality and epistemic modality. Deontic modality and epistemic modality itself produced several kinds of modal verbs that several contained positive and negative modal verbs. The finding of deontic modality there are produced five kinds modal verbs which are can (5 modal verbs), could (1 modal verbs), must (2 modal verbs), should (4 modal verbs), will (4 modal verbs). In other side, the finding of epistemic modality there are produced eight kinds modal verbs which are can (5 modal verbs), could (3 modal verbs), may (4

modal verbs), must (1 modal verbs), should (5 modal verbs), will (5 modal verbs), would (4 modal verbs), might (1 modal verbs). The writer concluded that modal verbs items as epistemic modality are more dominant than deontic modality. It means that there was specific difference occurrence in kinds of modality that used in Business articles. The writer also found there are several function in each kind of deontic modality and epistemic modality which are understanding how the editor or speaker of the Business articles express an opinion, controlling a possible action, giving permission, and giving obligation.

The most important by studying this thesis are the writer understood about how to develop the imagination for the reader, to stimulate the understanding, to explain the ambiguous items become clearly, and to give the concrete meaning especially about modality theory. Modality is a resource speakers and writers use when they are staking claims to knowledge. Its mean we could know about the knowledge of what the editors or the speakers have a statement they written or utterance. On the other side of this understanding then we could also understand the context that occur indirectly or implied.

5.2 Suggestion

After analyzing this thesis, the writer found some enlightenment about modality used in Business articles. The concerns of this thesis are in the problems

that had answered. On the other side the writer also come to the conclusion about the strength and the weakness in this study.

The strength of this study is on the object that is Business. In the business world, the prediction is a term that its existence is important. One example if there is a business that will develop, in which a business is conducted planning, business people will certainly think about the term prediction. This is the important point to conclude that in Business has relation with Modality theory. The weakness of this study that the writer feels is on the large number of articles. This weakness is because the authors take still general scope and limitation. Even though, the duration that the authors limit to take the article as data is only ten days. However, after running the study was a lot of data that can be taken. Therefore there are too many articles are taken as research data. Explanations above are result that the writer found in this study. In each study, less complete if no results can be beneficial. Therefore, the author wants to give suggestion for the next researcher, the reader, and the students of literature.

First, for the next researchers, the writer hopes this research will be good previous study to distinguish their research and to be adapted in other study, which have relation with prediction, speculation, and possibility. The writer also suggests the next researcher to develop this research in a wider context such as the social context of the general public. Second, for the readers of this study, the authors hope this research can add a deeper understanding of the use of the words

verb capital. According to the writer, it would also be useful for readers when they want to use the words of capital verb in the right way according to its function. Third, for the students of English literature, the writer hopes that this study may add to shopping their scientific theory of modalities. The writer also suggests that this could be the benchmark of the students who want to learn more about the theory of modalities in the context of real life.