CHAPTER III

RESEARCH METHOD

3.1   Research Method

This research is a descriptive qualitative research. Descriptive qualitative means this research basically from fact or phenomenon which is commonly happened in real life. The writer uses library research to get the information data from books and other texts which have connection with the object or the topic of the research in the library.

The writer has the strategy for collecting data and analyzing the data. According to Golden-Biddle and Locke (2007) composing the qualitative research is not a linear process because we have to make a contribution apparent to all readers. The method then, to analyze the slang of teenagers in Surabaya for it is very appropriate to the objective of the study that is describing the phenomenon found during the process of the study.

3.2   Data and Data Source

Data is words form from dialect in teenagers of Surabaya, which has been observed by the writer to identify the item of slang words that used by teenagers in Surabaya. The writersearch the data from their facebook group, records the data and transcript the data. Data is from conversation of community in social interaction.

The data source are taken from one of speakers in teenagers of Surabaya. The writer also searches the data for supporting from articles in internet. This articles contains an example of slang language and explaining the meaning of every slang words.

3.3   Data collections

Data are important things in a research. The writer chooses the suitable method in order to find qualified data.

1.3.1   Research Instruments

Research Instruments are measurement tools, designed to obtain data on a topic of interest from research subjects. In qualitative research, According to Mack et al (2005:1), qualitative research are effective to identifying intangible factors, such as : social norms, socioeconomic status, gender, roles, ethnicity, and religion. In this study the writer is the main instrument because the writer collect the English slang words used by teenagers in Surabaya.

1.3.2   Data Collection Techniques

The writer used some methods to collect the data, there are 3 steps as follows :

1. Online   : The writer collect the data from group of facebook among the teenagers of Surabaya.

2. Offline   : The writer collect the data from recording daily conversation of the student in the writer's house, when they are in a course.

3. The writer observing the teenagers in Surabaya on March 2016 until April 2016.

3.4   Technique of data analysis

From those explanations above, the writer uses the descriptive qualitative method. There are steps that will be apply by the writer in collecting and analyzing the data, such as :

1. The writer record the data and transcript it. Beside that, the writer screenshoot the conversation from their facebook.

2. Classifying each slang word according to theory of slang and kind of word formation processes in chapter II.

3. The writer arrange the data and determining sample

4. Explaining when they are use slang words.

5. Explaining why they are use slang words.

6. Giving the meaning of slang words to make a clear definition.

7. Making conclusion after analyzing slang words.